

Resource B1.2: Prescribing Provider Visit Template

Patient Information				
Name:				
Reason for visit/patient comments:				
Last four A1C results and dates:		Today:	Date:	Date:
Last 3 BP readings with dates, including today:		Today	Date:	Date:
		(/)	(/)	(/)
If A1C above individual's target, does individual check blood glucose levels?		Yes	No	
Was CGM or glucometer brought to visit?		Yes	No	
List CGM readings or add graph with readings: <i>Consider documenting time in range, time CGM active, % very high; % high; % target; % low; % very low; glucose variability; % hypoglycemia, number of severe hypoglycemic events.</i>				
If no CGM, enter blood glucose readings, if available. <i>Consider documenting 7-day average, pre-meal, postprandial, and bedtime blood glucose for several days, if on insulin; can scan into EHR</i>				
Has person had blood glucose over 250?		Yes	No	
<i>If yes, assess timing, frequency and possible causes</i>				
Has person had hypoglycemia (<70 mg/dL)?		Yes	No	
<i>If yes, assess timing, frequency and possible causes</i>				

Goal Setting		
Individual goal for A1C: _____	Individual target range for fasting blood glucose level: <i>A1C targets should generally fall between 6.5-8.0 to maximize reductions in complications while minimizing harms such as hypoglycemia. Blood glucose ranges matching an A1C target of 7-8 should be 80-130 mg/dL pre-meal, <180 mg/dL max postprandial. These blood glucose ranges would need to be adjusted if A1C targets are higher.</i> ____ TO ____	Individual goal for blood pressure: <i><130/80 recommended unless unable to tolerate</i> _____
Individual CGM target: <i>Typically time in range of >70% with <5% hypoglycemia and no severe hypoglycemic events.</i> _____	List current medications: <i>Ask person with diabetes to describe how they take their diabetes, hypertensive and cholesterol medications, including insulin. Ask if there is a blood glucose number that patient does NOT take their insulin. If adherence is identified as an issue, discuss barriers to taking medication (timing, side effects, social situations, etc.) and establish an action plan.</i> _____	Medication adherence: Yes No
Concurrent use of: <i>Check all that apply</i> Steroids Atypical steroids		Current exercise/activity pattern: _____
Current diet/meal plan: <i>Specific attention: drinking carbs via milk, fruit juice or soda, alcohol use causing low glucose, meals/day and issues around food insecurity.</i> _____		

Please Check Yes or No if the Patient Engages in Any of the Activities Below:

Drink alcohol:	Yes	No	If yes, how frequently: _____
Use nicotine products:	Yes	No	If yes, what kind & how frequently: _____
Use other substances:	Yes	No	If yes, what & how frequently: _____
Depressive symptoms:	Yes	No	If yes, last PHQ score & date: _____
Barriers to social needs:	Yes	No	If yes, what: _____
Have a social support system:	Yes	No	If yes, who: _____
History of diabetes-related complications:	Microvascular: eye, kidney, nerve (tingling, numbness, pain) Macrovascular: cardiac (chest pain, palpitation, DOE, exertional and rest shortness of breath, lower ext. swelling), PAD (claudication). History of diabetic foot ulcer/amputation Other: sexual dysfunction, gastroparesis		

Health Maintenance: (Pull from EHR)

Date of last:	
Dental check-up: _____	Serum creatinine and GFR: _____
Eye exam: _____	Liver function test: _____
Flu shot: _____	Pneumococcal vaccine: _____
Lipids: _____	Hepatitis B vaccine: _____
Microalbuminuria: _____	Shingles vaccine: _____

Physical Exam and Labs as Appropriate: Bring in Vitals and Labs From EHR

Height: _____	Microalbuminuria present?
Weight: _____ lbs	
BMI: _____	
Other Findings:	Yes No If yes, is patient on ACE-I/ARB or allergy to ACE-I/ARB? Yes No If age 40-75 years, is patient on statin or unable to tolerate statin? Yes No N/A For other ages, please review ASCVD risk and lipids and individualize cholesterol medication needs with patient.
Include foot exam at least yearly – inspection, monofilament and vibration test; any pertinent lab results with dates: comprehensive metabolic panel, microalbumin, liver function tests, lipid panel.	

Diabetes Assessment and Plan

Has the person ever had diabetes self-management education?	Yes	No	
Was diabetes education provided? <i>Comprehensive diabetes education as needed should address meal plan, physical activity, information about hypoglycemic and hyperglycemic symptoms, sick day, and review of foot care.</i>	Yes	No	If yes, what:
Other plans: <i>(med changes, diet/exercise etc...) based on visit assessment and discussion.</i>			

Referrals: (as needed)

Ophthalmologist Podiatrist Nephrologist	Cardiologist Dietitian Weight management	Diabetes self-management education and support Psychology/Psychiatry Social work Other
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This resource is part of the AHEAD Initiative Diabetes QI Clinical Toolkit. For access to this toolkit and additional resources, please visit NEOQIHub.org.

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